

Problem 4

Use the preliminary test to decide whether the following series are divergent or require further testing. *Careful:* Do *not* say that a series is convergent; the preliminary test cannot decide this.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2}{(n+1)^2}$$

Solution

Take the limit of the summand as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2}{(n+1)^2} &= \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \right] \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{(n+1)^2} \right] \\ &= \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \right] \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2}{n^2 + 2n + 1} \right) \\ &= \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \right] \left(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{1}{n^2}} \right) \\ &= \left[\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \right] \left(\frac{1}{1 + 0 + 0} \right) \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (-1)^n \\ &= \text{does not exist} \end{aligned}$$

Since it's not zero, the series diverges by the preliminary test.